

SIX CRITICAL COMPONENTS FOR TARGET 6.3

Does your Country Count?



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Critical Components in Tunisia

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Introduction of the SDG-PSS in Tunisia

- National partners: * Office of Water Planning and Hydraulic Balance (BPEH): **decision-maker**
* INRGREF: **R&D institution**
- Establishment of a **Group of Experts (15)** to champion the project, report on progress, collect data, and raise funds for future activities.



Finance



Finance

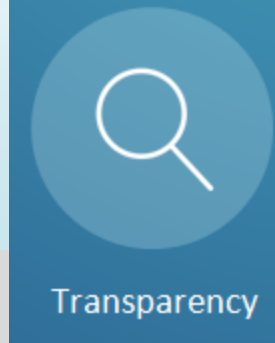
Facts and gaps

- The budgetary resources necessary for achieving the target 6.3 are not evaluated yet.

Initiatives and progress

- Ministries are working on a new approach based on indicators perfectly inline with the concept of the SDG-PSS.
- Indicators adopted for the National Development Plan can be used for the SDG-PSS; some are already available.

Transparency



Facts and gaps

- Centralized data, unclear roles among institutions (Who does what, why, how, etc.) which act as judge and jury.
- Lack of regulatory framework for setting the concept of transparency among the water institutions.

Initiatives and progress

- Involvement of all the stakeholders for controlling, monitoring, and assessment while producing and updating data related to the water sector.
- Commitment of civil society in the control and decision-making is still limited.

Policy and Institutional



Policy &
Institutional

Facts and gaps

- Low impact of the existing platforms and programs in strengthening institutional capacities.
- Existing information systems are facing obstacles in collecting data (centralization, lack of reliability and continuity).

Initiatives and progress

- Approval of the new Water Code and revision of regulatory texts on water pollution control and reuse in agriculture.
- Integration of new concepts (artificial water public domain).
- Involvement of the civil society, implementation of the bottom-up approach and participatory approaches, setting governance, etc .

Gender



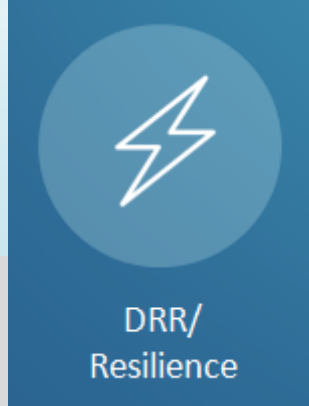
Facts and gaps

- Few data are desagregated by gender.
- Low commitment in Water Users' Associations, including those in charge of TWW, and low involvement in decision-making.
- Low capacities and lack of tools for gender mainstreaming .

Initiatives and progress

- **National Council of Peers for Equality and Equal Opportunities between Women and Men** established in 2016 to:
 - * *Develop a strategy and promote gender mainstreaming in politics and social development.*
 - * *Report on the integration of gender approach in socioeconomic and political activities, by using **quantitative** and **qualitative indicators**.*

Risk Reduction and Resilience



Facts and gaps

- Belated institutionalization of a recently established committee and unclear responsibilities of members.
- Lack of legal and regulatory framework for risk reduction. A unique law (n°91-39 of 8 june 1991) does exist for disaster management.
- Lack of clear budget dedicated to DRR.

Initiatives and progress

- A strategic study for **flood prevention in urban and rural areas** will be conducted within the National Development Plan (2016- 2020).

A step forward and recommendations

- Several component of Target 6.3 are under development in the framework of national initiatives.
- Promotion of the SDG-PSS at the **regional level** → Better understanding of the scope of SDG6 and targets (especially 6.3.).
- **Finance** and **transparency** components are on top priorities.
- **Alignment** of the SDG-PSS indicators with the indicators developed for the National Development Plan (2016-2020).
- **Capitalisation** of data and better **coordination** → Limit overlap and strengthen collaboration.
- Improve communication and strengthen **coordination** between all partners (stakeholders, civil society, etc.).

Acknowledgements

Group of Experts

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THANK YOU

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